

第一部分：選擇題(第 1 至 41 題，每題 2 分，共 82 分)

I. 字彙題(第 1-11 題，每題 2 分，共 22 分)

說明：第 1 至 8 題，每題均有一空格字詞，請選擇最適合的答案，以完成該英文句子。  
 第 9 至 11 題，每題均有一個劃底線的字詞，請在四個選項中，選擇一個與劃底線的字詞意義最接近的答案。

1. Cacti can grow very well in the desert or areas where the \_\_\_\_\_ is extremely dry and hot.  
 (A) climate (B) client (C) corporation (D) convention
2. In order to reduce water \_\_\_\_\_, many high-tech electronic factories built processing plants to deal with its wastewater.  
 (A) progress (B) protein (C) possession (D) pollution
3. The president introduced Mark, who is a new member of the \_\_\_\_\_, to everyone in the meeting.  
 (A) symbol (B) staff (C) suspect (D) survivor
4. Philips bought a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ camera the other day, but it broke after he accidentally dropped it on the floor.  
 (A) electric (B) digital (C) visual (D) mobile
5. Dragons and Phoenixes are creatures that appear in \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese stories. They are said to bring good luck to people who witness them.  
 (A) temporary (B) realistic (C) risky (D) ancient
6. My mother had been suffering from a \_\_\_\_\_ headache for a month, and she finally went to a doctor yesterday to have a thorough checkup.  
 (A) previous (B) suitable (C) determined (D) constant
7. Even though it has been fifty years since my grandparents first met each other, they can still \_\_\_\_\_ the day clearly.  
 (A) define (B) obtain (C) recall (D) participate
8. Before you use the new household appliances, you must read the \_\_\_\_\_ carefully in order not to cause danger.  
 (A) flaws (B) benefits (C) recipes (D) instructions
9. Although people living in big cities enjoy more convenience than those in the countryside in many ways, they need to stand more serious noise problems.  
 (A) catch up with (B) keep up with (C) break up with (D) put up with
10. The manager of the human resource department of Eva Airline is trying hard to find out a solution to the strike problem.  
 (A) desperately (B) ultimately (C) obviously (D) absolutely
11. The general public look up to those who are willing to spend time doing voluntary works in the communities.  
 (A) require (B) demand (C) respect (D) entertain

## II. 對話題(第 12-21 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

說明：第 12 至 21 題，請依對話內容選出一個最適合的答案，使其成為有意義的對話。

12. (At the restaurant)  
 Waiter: Excuse me, here's your order of steak.  
 Customer: I am sorry, but I didn't order the steak. I ordered pork chop.  
 Waiter: Oh, I'm terribly sorry. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Customer: Thanks a lot.  
 (A) I will change it for you right away.  
 (B) It's nothing actually.  
 (C) Thank you for being so understanding.  
 (D) It happens sometimes.
13. (At the Airline check-in counter)  
 Ground staff: Where are you flying?  
 Alice: I am flying to London.  
 Ground staff: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Alice: Here you are.  
 (A) What's the purpose of your visit? (B) May I have your passport, please?  
 (C) How long will you be staying? (D) Where are you going to be staying?
14. Clerk: Welcome to Cutie clothing store. May I help you?  
 Tracy: May I try these on?  
 Clerk: Certainly. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tracy: Five.  
 Clerk: Please follow me. You can use this fitting room.  
 (A) Can you give me a discount? (B) How much are the shorts?  
 (C) How many pieces? (D) Are they on sale?
15. Receptionist: Hello. Reception. May I help you?  
 Maria: Yes. The air conditioning isn't working.  
 Receptionist: Sorry for the trouble. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Maria: That's kind of you. Thank you.  
 (A) Hope you enjoy your vacation.  
 (B) The shuttle bus to the airport runs every 15 minutes.  
 (C) I'll send someone to your room immediately.  
 (D) It begins its run at 8 a.m.
16. John: Would you like to go to Mayday's concert tonight?  
 Gina: \_\_\_\_\_  
 John: I see. Maybe next time.  
 (A) I am glad to. What time is it?  
 (B) That's interesting. Thank you for inviting me.  
 (C) That's a pity. I really want to go.  
 (D) I am afraid not. I have to study for the test next week.

17. Patrick: I'm starving. I could eat a horse. Let's have some fried chicken.  
Winnie: Did you say fried chicken?  
Patrick: You bet. \_\_\_\_\_ Let's go.  
Winnie: Ok.  
(A) It's on me tonight.  
(B) Everything would be fine.  
(C) I have room for a dessert.  
(D) Make yourself at home.
18. Matt: Which workout equipment should we start with?  
James: Before we use any equipment, we need to warm ourselves up carefully.  
Matt: \_\_\_\_\_  
James: Ten minutes should be enough.  
(A) How long should we warm up?  
(B) How often do you go to the gym?  
(C) How do we get started?  
(D) How would it be to exercise with others?
19. Real Estate Agent: What kind of apartment are you looking for?  
Julian: \_\_\_\_\_ I would like to live somewhere for less than \$15,000 a month.  
Real Estate Agent: We can certainly find the price for you.  
Julian: \_\_\_\_\_  
Real Estate Agent: I'll try my best to meet your need.  
(A) We have to draw up a contract.  
(B) It will be better if it is furnished.  
(C) It is a good bargain.  
(D) I will pay the utility bills.
20. Marvin: I haven't been to Taipei Zoo for a long time.  
Emma: \_\_\_\_\_ It is going to be a lot of fun.  
Marvin: What do you want to see first? The big cats?  
Emma: Good idea!  
(A) I couldn't agree more.  
(B) Don't mention it!  
(C) Me neither.  
(D) It's a deal.
21. Husband: Hey, honey. The milk is on sale. Buy one, get one free.  
Wife: That's a lot of milk. Are you sure we'll be able to drink it all?  
Husband: \_\_\_\_\_  
Wife: That's on you. What else do we need?  
(A) Are there any discounts on cheese?  
(B) I brought the coupons from the newspaper.  
(C) It expires on the 15th. We got at least a week.  
(D) Hopefully, we can save some money.

## III. 綜合測驗(第 22-31 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

說明：以下兩篇短文，共有 10 個空格，為第 22 至 31 題，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 22 至 26 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Asia has a great variety of cultures and civilizations. Many fascinating festivals 22 there and attract millions of tourists from around the world each year. 23 the Crying Sumo Festival in Japan for example. Japanese parents would allow sumo wrestlers 24 their babies during the Festival. The goal of the festival is to make the babies cry. It is thought that the crying helps little babies get rid of the evil spirits. 25 case of strange celebrations in Asia is the Monkey Buffet Festival in Thailand. On the last Sunday of November, locals of village of Lopburi fill the streets with massive towers of colorful fruit and vegetables. The festival is taking place as a “thank you” from locals to the monkeys for attracting tourists to their city.

All odd festivals have their hidden meanings. They might seem strange to foreigners, but they 26 to the local people. The best way to appreciate their viewpoints is to attend these festivals for yourself.

22. (A) are held                      (B) hold                      (C) holding                      (D) held
23. (A) Have                      (B) Get                      (C) Take                      (D) Let
24. (A) scare                      (B) scared                      (C) scaring                      (D) to scare
25. (A) Another                      (B) Other                      (C) The other                      (D) One
26. (A) pay off                      (B) make sense                      (C) take effect                      (D) get over

▲下篇短文共有 5 個空格，為第 27 至 31 題，請依短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。

Peter just moved to the United States with his family months ago. On his first day to school, he was 27 nervous that he couldn't eat his breakfast. When he walked into the school, he didn't know 28 he should go. Fortunately, Peter came across the principal, who 29 Peter a hand by guiding him to the classroom. The principal also reminded Peter of the things he shouldn't forget 30.

In class, Peter was surprised to find out that many great differences lay between schools in Taiwan and those in the States. Teachers in Taiwan give lots of multiple choice questions; that is, there are standard answers to the questions given to students. But in America, teachers always encourage students' ideas and thinking. 31, students in the States have to shift to different classrooms while students in Taiwan stay in the same classroom most of the time. Peter firmly believed that he could fit in soon with the assistance from his teachers and classmates.

27. (A) such                      (B) so                      (C) too                      (D) to
28. (A) what                      (B) how                      (C) where                      (D) when
29. (A) gave                      (B) give                      (C) to give                      (D) giving
30. (A) to do                      (B) do                      (C) doing                      (D) done
31. (A) However                      (B) Moreover                      (C) Nonetheless                      (D) In fact

## IV. 閱讀測驗(第 32-41 題，每題 2 分，共 20 分)

說明：以下有兩篇短文，共有 10 個題目，為第 32 至 41 題，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。

▲閱讀下文，回答第 32-36 題。

Most babies are born healthy; nevertheless, a small number of infants have birth defects. Some of the birth defects are curable with medical help or surgery and some are even harmless. Others require long-term medical treatment and are the leading cause of infant death.

Birth defects occur when a baby is developing in the womb. Most birth defects are present within the first three months of pregnancy, when the organs are still forming. That is, many types of birth defects can be diagnosed during pregnancy. A healthcare professional can use prenatal ultrasounds to help them diagnose certain birth defects. Blood tests may also help. Knowing about a baby's health problems earlier can help parents and doctors plan for the future. Thus, there are a few important things parents need to bear in mind before giving birth to a baby.

The first one is that having regular tests during pregnancy is important. If your doctor thinks your baby has a birth defect, then you should ask for a second opinion. That means you should schedule some visits with doctors other than your primary doctor, whom you should still keep contact with. Next, it's also significant to know that tests don't always find defects when they're present. A screening test can also falsely identify defects. In addition, a mother-would-be should not drink alcohol or smoke. Eating a healthy diet and taking enough exercise are essential.

Doctors don't know what caused a baby's birth defect in many cases, but there is always something parents can do. If there's a family history of birth defects or a woman is part of a high-risk group, she should consider meeting with a genetic counselor. By taking these above-mentioned **precautions**, women can reduce their babies' risk of birth defects.

32. What is this article mainly about?
- (A) The major problems that birth defects bring to newborn babies.  
 (B) The suggestions parents should take to lower the risk of birth defects.  
 (C) The major causes that lead to birth defects of newborn babies.  
 (D) The types of tests that should be taken to diagnose birth defects.
33. According to the article, which of the following is TRUE?
- (A) Doctors are clear about the causes of birth defects.  
 (B) Most birth defects are deadly to newborn babies.  
 (C) Most birth defects take large sums of money to be treated.  
 (D) Many cases of birth defects could be found out at an early stage.
34. What does the word "**precautions**" mean in the fourth paragraph?
- (A) The medicine that doctors prescribe to patients.  
 (B) An efficient way to cure a serious illness.  
 (C) An action to prevent something dangerous from happening.  
 (D) Something that will bring a problem to an end.
35. Which of the following is **NOT** suggested for every pregnant woman?
- (A) She should eat well.  
 (B) She should take exercise regularly.  
 (C) She should take prenatal ultrasound tests.  
 (D) She should go to at least two doctors.

36. In what section of a newspaper can we probably read the article?

- (A) Entertainment
- (B) Classified Ads
- (C) Sports
- (D) Health

▲閱讀下文，回答第 37-41 題。

Some people might find out that they act or think like their mothers in some ways when they become grownups. What their mothers taught them in childhood would be passed on without their knowledge. This is never strange at all and it is common around the globe. Mothers would pass on words of wisdom to children generation after generation. Therefore, being like your mother doesn't sound bad.

Mothers' words of wisdom have been a source of strength and hope to most people whenever life is down. A mother's comforting words always make a person feel better and have courage to go forward. For lots of moms, words of wisdom include teaching their children about the importance of being positive. Being positive can conquer any problem and many people find themselves saying the same thing to their own kids. Regarding teaching children to be responsible, the concept involves the parts kids don't like to do, such as homework and house chores. In addition, mothers' words of wisdom guide their children to be generous to people around them, family and friends included. Most of all, mother's words of wisdom instruct their children to tell right from wrong.

For example, one phrase we often hear is "it is more blessed to give than to receive," which teaches that there is joy in the act of giving. "Money doesn't grow on trees" tends to teach children the idea that money must be earned by hard work and sweating. Money is never easy to acquire and everyone should be careful how much you spend.

Most common words of wisdom have been taught through years, and will still be true even hundreds of years after. The values of being positive, responsible, and generous are universal. Those words of wisdom are believed as the most beautiful words on the lips of mankind. **They** show you the light when you just see the dark.

37. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) controversial issues
- (B) historical events
- (C) human values
- (D) scientific facts

38. Which of the following is **NOT** the idea of words of wisdom mentioned in the article?

- (A) The importance of responsibility.
- (B) Money can solve any problem.
- (C) The difference lies between right and wrong.
- (D) Generosity plays a key role in one's happiness.

39. What does the word "**They**" in the last paragraph refer to?

- (A) Mothers
- (B) Words of wisdom
- (C) Responsibility
- (D) Hard work

40. According to the passage, which of the following phrases is closest in meaning to “Money doesn’t grow on trees”?
- (A) A penny saved is a penny earned.  
(B) A fool and his money are soon parted.  
(C) Money doesn’t always bring happiness.  
(D) A golden key can open any door.
41. The author has a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ tone toward the way the adults act like their mothers.
- (A) unsure (B) negative  
(C) positive (D) changing

**第二部分：非選擇題(第 I 至 III 題，每題 6 分，共 18 分)**

**I. 填充**

說明：

- ▲請依據中文提示，將試題內空格①、②答案之完整單字(含提示之字首)，分別作答於答案卷之作答欄①、②之指定範圍內以完成句子。
- ▲請勿抄題，每格限填一字，超過一字者視為錯誤，不予計分。

1. 我不知道如何使用 Instagram，因為我對流行的社群媒體不熟悉。  
I don’t know how to use Instagram because I am not f ① with popular social m ② sites.

**II. 句子重組**

說明：

- ▲請將題中 6 段提示字詞重組成一完整句子，並於句尾加上適當標點符號。
- ▲請將重組後的句子寫在答案卷之「非選擇題作答區」指定範圍內，答案中不能增減字詞或修改變化字詞，請勿抄題。

2. kind / to help the blind man / It is / of / the young lady / cross the street.

**III. 中譯英**

說明：

- ▲請將以下中文句子譯成正確、通順、達意的英文，並將答案寫在「非選擇題作答區」之指定範圍內，請勿抄題。

3. 安德魯不知道如何和父母溝通，這也就是他們為何常吵架的原因。

【以下空白】