

113 學年度四技二專第三次聯合模擬考試

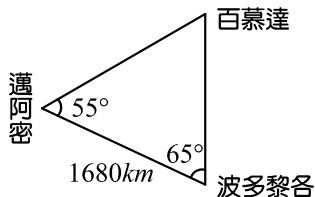
共同科目 數學(C)卷 詳解

數學(C)卷

113-3-C

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
B	C	B	B	D	D	C	A	B	A	A	D	C	C	A	A	D	D	A	B	D	C	C	B	B

1. 由算幾不等式知： $\frac{2x+5y}{2} \geq \sqrt{(2x)(5y)} \Rightarrow 5 \geq \sqrt{10xy}$
 $\Rightarrow 25 \geq 10xy \Rightarrow 2.5 \geq xy$
 當等號成立時，需 $2x=5y$ ，又 $2x+5y=10$
 $\therefore 2x=5y=5$ 即 $x=2.5$ 、 $y=1$ 時 $xy=2.5$ 為最大值，
 故選(B)
2. 原式 $= 2(1 - \cos^2 \theta) - \cos \theta + 12 = -2\cos^2 \theta - \cos \theta + 14$
 $= -2(\cos^2 \theta + \frac{1}{2}\cos \theta + \frac{1}{16}) + \frac{1}{8} + 14$
 $= -2(\cos \theta + \frac{1}{4})^2 + 14\frac{1}{8} \quad (-1 \leq \cos \theta \leq 1)$
 當 $\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{4}$ 有最大值 $a = 14\frac{1}{8}$
 當 $\cos \theta = 1$ 有最小值 $b = 11$
 $a+b = 25\frac{1}{8} = \frac{201}{8}$ ，故選(C)
3. 三角形內角和為 180° ，由圖得知 1680 km 的對角
 為 $180^\circ - 55^\circ - 65^\circ = 60^\circ$
 由正弦定理： $\frac{1680}{\sin 60^\circ} = 2R$ ， $R = 1680 \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1680}{\sqrt{3}}$
 $= 560\sqrt{3}$ ，故選(B)



4. 所求為過三點之圓的圓心
 令圓方程式 $x^2 + y^2 + dx + ey + f = 0$
 A 代入： $9 + 169 - 3d + 13e + f = 0 \cdots ①$
 B 代入： $16 + 169 + 4d + 13e + f = 0 \cdots ②$
 C 代入： $64 + 81 + 8d - 9e + f = 0 \cdots ③$
 ② - ①： $7 + 7d = 0$ ， $d = -1$
 ② - ③： $40 - 4d + 22e = 0 \Rightarrow 40 + 4 + 22e = 0$ ， $e = -2$
 圓心 $(a, b) = (-\frac{d}{2}, -\frac{e}{2}) = (\frac{1}{2}, 1)$ ， $a - b = -\frac{1}{2}$ ，故選(B)
5. $(\vec{a} + \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{b} = 0 \Rightarrow (x-2, 8) \cdot (-2, 3) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow -2x + 4 + 24 = 0 \Rightarrow 2x = 28 \Rightarrow x = 14$ ，故選(D)
6. [法一]
 $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$ 最小，即 $\vec{a}$ 與 $\vec{b}$ 反方向， $x : y = -\frac{4}{3} : \frac{2}{3} = -2 : 1$
 令 $x = 2t$ 、 $y = -t$ 且 $t > 0$ 代入 $x^2 + y^2 = 20$
 $(2t)^2 + (-t)^2 = 20$ ， $4t^2 + t^2 = 20$ ， $5t^2 = 20$ ， $t^2 = 4$

$t = 2$ (-2 不合)， $x = 4$ 、 $y = -2$ ， $x + y = 4 + (-2) = 2$
 故選(D)

[法二]

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y$$

由柯西不等式知：

$$(x^2 + y^2) \cdot [(-\frac{4}{3})^2 + (\frac{2}{3})^2] \geq (-\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 20 \times \frac{20}{9} \geq (-\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y)^2 \Rightarrow -\frac{20}{3} \leq -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y \leq \frac{20}{3}$$

$$\text{等號成立時，} \frac{x}{-\frac{4}{3}} = \frac{y}{\frac{2}{3}} = 3t \Rightarrow x = -4t, y = 2t$$

$$(-4t)^2 + (2t)^2 = 20 \Rightarrow 20t^2 = 20 \Rightarrow t^2 = 1 \Rightarrow t = \pm 1$$

$$(1) t = 1 \Rightarrow x = -4, y = 2$$

$$\text{則 } -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y = -\frac{4}{3} \times (-4) + \frac{2}{3} \times 2 = \frac{20}{3} \text{ (不合)}$$

$$(2) t = -1 \Rightarrow x = 4, y = -2$$

$$\text{則 } -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}y = -\frac{4}{3} \times 4 + \frac{2}{3} \times (-2) = -\frac{20}{3}$$

$$\therefore x + y = 4 + (-2) = 2$$
，故選(D)

7. 2.1 接近整數 2，當 $h = 2$ 時得以讓函數變容易計算，
 以此作連續綜合除法

$$\begin{array}{r} 3-20+30+2 \overline{) 2} \\ +6-28+4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3-14+2 \overline{) 6} \\ +6-16 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3-8 \overline{) -14} \\ +6 \end{array}$$

$$3, -2$$

$$f(x) = 3(x-2)^3 - 2(x-2)^2 - 14(x-2) + 6$$

$$f(2.1) = 3(0.1)^3 - 2(0.1)^2 - 14(0.1) + 6$$

$$= 0.003 - 0.02 - 1.4 + 6 = 4.583 \approx 4.58$$
，故選(C)

8. 由根與係數關係得 $\begin{cases} \alpha + \beta = -7 \\ \alpha\beta = 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \alpha < 0, \beta < 0$

$$(\sqrt{\alpha} + \sqrt{\beta})^2 = \sqrt{\alpha}^2 + 2\sqrt{\alpha}\sqrt{\beta} + \sqrt{\beta}^2 = \alpha - 2\sqrt{\alpha\beta} + \beta$$

$$= (\alpha + \beta) - 2\sqrt{\alpha\beta} = -7 - 2\sqrt{4} = -11$$
，故選(A)

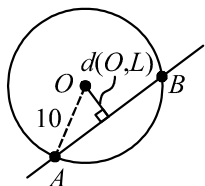
9. $3x + 4y - 25 = 0$ 之斜率 $m_1 = -\frac{3}{4}$

$$\text{令 } L \text{ 之斜率為 } m_L \quad \because \text{垂直：} m_L \times m_1 = -1 \quad \therefore m_L = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\text{又過}(2, 1) \Rightarrow y-1 = \frac{4}{3}(x-2) \Rightarrow 3y-3 = 4x-8$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x-3y-5=0, \text{ 故選(B)}$$

10.

圓心 $O(-1, 2)$ 到 L 距離

$$d(O, L) = \frac{|3 \times (-1) - 4 \times 2 - 14|}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} = \frac{25}{5} = 5, \text{ 又半徑 } r = 10$$

$$\text{所求 } \overline{AB} = 2\sqrt{10^2 - 5^2} = 2\sqrt{75} = 10\sqrt{3}, \text{ 故選(A)}$$

11. [法一]

$$(-1, 2) \text{ 代入 } \Rightarrow (-1)^2 + 2^2 + 8 \times (-1) + 6 \times 2 - 9 = 0$$

 $\therefore (-1, 2)$ 在圓上

由圓上一點求切線公式知：

$$(-1)x + 2y + 4 \times (-1) + 4x + 3 \times 2 + 3y - 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x + 5y - 7 = 0, \text{ 故選(A)}$$

[法二]

$$(-1, 2) \text{ 代入 } \Rightarrow (-1)^2 + 2^2 + 8 \times (-1) + 6 \times 2 - 9 = 0$$

$$\therefore (-1, 2) \text{ 在圓上, 圓心 } (-\frac{8}{2}, -\frac{6}{2}) = (-4, -3)$$

設切線斜率為 m , 圓心與切點的連線斜率為 $m_{\perp}$

$$m_{\perp} = \frac{2 - (-3)}{-1 - (-4)} = \frac{5}{3}, m_{\perp} \cdot m = -1, m = -\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\text{則 } (y-2) = -\frac{3}{5}(x+1) \Rightarrow 3x + 5y - 7 = 0, \text{ 故選(A)}$$

$$12. \sum_{n=1}^9 (2^n - 3n + 1) = \sum_{n=1}^9 2^n - \sum_{n=1}^9 3n + \sum_{n=1}^9 1$$

$$= \frac{2[1-2^9]}{1-2} - 3 \times \frac{(1+9) \times 9}{2} + 1 \times 9$$

$$= 1022 - 135 + 9 = 896, \text{ 故選(D)}$$

$$13. n+1=8 \text{ 或 } (n+1)+8=20 \Rightarrow n=7 \text{ 或 } 11$$

$$7+11=18, \text{ 故選(C)}$$

$$14. \text{ 先安排兩校誰為 } O \Rightarrow 2 \text{ 種選擇}$$

$$O \text{ 的 } 18 \text{ 個位置排 } 18 \text{ 人} \Rightarrow 18!$$

$$X \text{ 的 } 18 \text{ 個位置排 } 18 \text{ 人} \Rightarrow 18!$$

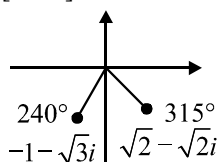
$$\text{所求 } 2 \times 18! \times 18!, \text{ 故選(C)}$$

15. [法一]

$$z = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i}{-1 - \sqrt{3}i} \times \frac{-1 + \sqrt{3}i}{-1 + \sqrt{3}i} = \frac{(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}) + (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6})i}{4}$$

$$= \cos 75^\circ + i \sin 75^\circ, \text{ Arg}(z) = 75^\circ = \frac{5}{12}\pi, \text{ 故選(A)}$$

[法二]



$$\text{Arg}(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i) = 315^\circ, \text{ Arg}(-1 - \sqrt{3}i) = 240^\circ$$

$$\text{Arg}(z) = 315^\circ - 240^\circ = 75^\circ = \frac{5}{12}\pi, \text{ 故選(A)}$$

$$16. V = 0.836 \times 10^{\frac{3}{2}} = 8.36\sqrt{10} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{單位換算 } 8.36\sqrt{10} \times \frac{60 \times 60}{1000} = 36 \times 0.836\sqrt{10}$$

$$\approx 95.1 \text{ km/h } (\sqrt{10} \approx 3.16), \text{ 故選(A)}$$

17. [法一]

$$10^{3 \log 2 + \log 6} = 10^{\log 2^3 + \log 6} = 10^{\log 8 + \log 6} = 10^{\log 48} = 48$$

故選(D)

[法二]

$$\because 10^a = 2 \text{ 且 } 10^b = 6$$

$$\therefore \text{求式} = (10^a)^3 \times 10^b = 2^3 \times 6 = 48, \text{ 故選(D)}$$

$$18. \text{ 將行列式展開得 } -9(x-2)(x-11) = 0, x = 2 \text{ 或 } 11, \text{ 所求為 } 2+11=13, \text{ 故選(D)}$$

19. [法一]

$$\text{右乘反矩陣 } \frac{1}{\det(A)} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & u \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 7 \\ 22 & 15 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 7 \\ 22 & 15 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, x+y=1+2=3, \text{ 故選(A)}$$

[法二]

$$\text{根據矩陣運算得 } \begin{cases} 2x+4y=10 \cdots \textcircled{1} \\ x+3y=7 \cdots \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} - \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow x+y=3, \text{ 故選(A)}$$

20. [法一]

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 \\ 2 & -3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -7 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 7$$

$$\Delta z = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 9 \\ 2 & -3 & 13 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & -7 & 7 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -7 - (-21) = 14$$

$$z = \frac{\Delta z}{\Delta} = \frac{14}{7} = 2, \text{ 故選(B)}$$

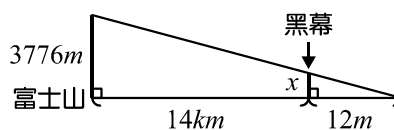
[法二](加減消去法)

$$\begin{cases} 2x+3y+5z=9 \cdots \textcircled{1} \\ 2x-3y+4z=13 \cdots \textcircled{2} \\ x+2y+2z=3 \cdots \textcircled{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} : 4x+9z=22 \cdots \textcircled{4} \\ 2 \times \textcircled{2} + 3 \times \textcircled{3} : x+2z=5 \cdots \textcircled{5} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \textcircled{4} - 4 \times \textcircled{5} : 4x+9z=22 \cdots \textcircled{4} \\ 2 \times \textcircled{2} + 3 \times \textcircled{3} : x+2z=5 \cdots \textcircled{5} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{4} - 4 \times \textcircled{5} \Rightarrow z=2, \text{ 故選(B)}$$

21. 設黑幕高為 x , 如圖所示

$$3776 : x = 14012 : 12, x = \frac{3776 \times 12}{14012} \approx 3.23, \text{ 故選(D)}$$

22. 法向量 $\vec{n}_E \perp \vec{n}_1, \vec{n}_2 \Rightarrow \vec{n}_E // \vec{n}_1 \times \vec{n}_2$

$$= (2, -1, -1) \times (1, -3, 2)$$

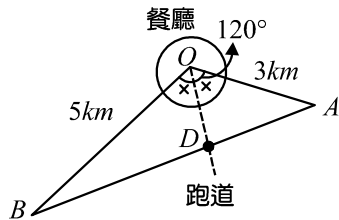
$$\vec{n}_1 \times \vec{n}_2 = \left(\begin{vmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix}, \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}, \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \right)$$

$$= (-5, -5, -5) = -5(1, 1, 1)$$

令 $E: x + y + z + k = 0$, $A(1, 2, 3)$ 代入 $1 + 2 + 3 + k = 0$

$k = -6 \Rightarrow E: x + y + z - 6 = 0$, 故選(C)

23.



利用餘弦求 $\overline{AB} \Rightarrow \overline{AB}^2 = 3^2 + 5^2 - 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot \cos 120^\circ$

$$= 9 + 25 - 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = 49 \Rightarrow \overline{AB} = 7$$

又內角平分線 $\overline{OA} : \overline{OB} = \overline{DA} : \overline{DB} = 3 : 5$

$$\overline{DB} = \frac{5}{5+3} \times 7 = \frac{35}{8}, \text{ 故選(C)}$$

24. 首年 $a_1 = 40$

次年 $a_2 = 40 \times 1.05$

第三年 $a_3 = 40 \times 1.05^2 \dots\dots$

第 n 年 $a_n = 40 \times 1.05^{n-1}$ (單位: 萬公噸) 爲一等比數列,

根據題意求其前 n 項等比級數

$$\frac{40 \times (1 - 1.05^n)}{1 - 1.05} \geq 1000 \Rightarrow \frac{(1.05^n - 1)}{0.05} \geq 25$$

$$\Rightarrow (1.05^n - 1) \geq 1.25 \Rightarrow 1.05^n \geq 2.25$$

$$\because 1.05^{16} \approx 2.183 < 2.25 < 2.292 \approx 1.05^{17}$$

$\therefore 16 < n < 17$, 即所求爲第 17 年, 故選(B)

25. $T_a = 0.085 h_a^{\frac{3}{4}}$ 、 $T_b = 0.070 \times 30^{\frac{3}{4}}$

$$\because T_a = \frac{17\sqrt{2}}{7} T_b \Rightarrow 0.085 h_a^{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{17\sqrt{2}}{7} \times 0.070 \times 30^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$\Rightarrow h_a^{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{17\sqrt{2}}{7} \times \frac{0.07}{0.085} \times 30^{\frac{3}{4}} = 2\sqrt{2} \times 30^{\frac{3}{4}} = 2^{\frac{3}{2}} \times 30^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$\Rightarrow h_a = (2^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{4}{3}} \times (30^{\frac{3}{4}})^{\frac{4}{3}} = 4 \times 30 = 120, \text{ 故選(B)}$$